



**Commerzbank AG Hong Kong Branch  
Interim Financial Disclosure for the half-year ended 30 June 2022**

**COMMERZBANK AG**  
**HONG KONG BRANCH**  
(Expressed in HKD'000)



	<u>1.Jan - 30.Jun.2022</u>	<u>1.Jan - 30.Jun.2021</u>
Interest income	32,974	152,318
Interest expense	(15,617)	(21,934)
Other operating income		
- Net Gains / (Losses) arising from trading in foreign currencies	(3,944)	(89,825)
- Net Gains / (Losses) on securities held for trading purposes	-	-
- Net Gains / (Losses) from trading in interest rate derivatives	(31)	2,118
- Net fees and commission income	(1,096)	16,972
- <i>gross fees and commission income</i>	1,281	21,701
- <i>gross fees and commission expenses</i>	(2,377)	(4,729)
- Income from non-trading investments	64	(943)
- Gains from available-for-sale investment securities at fair value through profit or loss	-	-
- Profit/(loss) on sale of fixed assets	-	-
- Others	19,842	30,242
Operating expenses		
- Rental expenses	(4,837)	(8,362)
- Staff expenses	(21,273)	(42,539)
- Other operating expenses	(42,485)	(129,144)
Impairment releases / (losses and provisions) for impaired loans and receivables	3,941	(11,133)
Impairment losses on assets	-	-
Losses from the disposal of property, plant and equipment and investment properties	-	-
Profit / (Loss) before taxation	(32,462)	(102,230)
Tax expense	-	-
Profit / (Loss) after taxation	(32,462)	(102,230)

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**II. Balance Sheet Information**

	<b>ASSETS</b>		<b>LIABILITIES</b>	
	<u>30-Jun-2022</u>	<u>31-Dec-2021</u>	<u>30-Jun-2022</u>	<u>31-Dec-2021</u>
(i) Cash and balances with banks (except those included in item (iii))	8,069	24,560	-	-
(ii) Amount due from Exchange Fund	58,266	23,821	-	-
(iii) Placements with banks which have a residual contractual maturity of more than one month but not more than 12 months (except those included in item (iii))	-	-	-	43,921
(iv) Amount due from overseas offices of the institution	942,800	8,419,884	870,771	9,832,588
(v) Trade bills	-	-	-	-
(vi) Certificates of deposit held	-	-	-	-
(vii) Securities held for trading purposes	-	-	-	-
(viii) Loans and receivables	94,626	1,124,035	235,031	401,187
(ix) Investment securities	-	999,880	45	317,956
(x) Other investments	-	-	-	-
(xi) Property, plant and equipment and investment properties	2,086	3,472	-	-
(xii) Total assets	<u>1,105,847</u>	<u>10,595,652</u>	<u>1,105,847</u>	<u>10,595,652</u>
(i) Deposits and balances from banks (except those included in item (iv))				
(ii) Amount due to Exchange Fund				
(iii) Deposits from customers - <i>Demand deposits and current accounts</i> - <i>Savings deposits</i> - <i>Time, call and notice deposits</i>				
(iv) Amount due to overseas offices of the institution				
(v) Certificates of deposit issued				
(vi) Issued debt securities				
(vii) Other liabilities				
(viii) Provisions				
(ix) Total liabilities				



<u>III. Additional Balance Sheet Information</u>	<u>30-Jun-2022</u>	<u>31-Dec-2021</u>
(i) Loans and receivables		
- loans and advances to customers	-	628,024
- loans and advances to banks	-	46,641
- other accounts	-	449,370
- <i>accrued interest</i>	-	52,973
- <i>others</i>	-	396,397
- provisions for impaired loans and receivables to customers which constitute the institution's		
- collective impairment allowances	-	1,080
- individual impairment allowances	-	313,647
- provisions for impaired loans and receivables to bank which constitute the institution's		
- collective impairment allowances	-	76
- individual impairment allowances	-	-
-provisions made by the head office against the exposures of the Branch		
- collective impairment allowances	-	-
- individual impairment allowances	-	-
(ii) Amount of loans and advances to customers on which individual impairment allowances made in respect of such loans and advances		
a. amount of impaired loans and advances to customers which are individually determined to be impaired	-	313,647
b. amount of individual impairment allowances made for such loans and advances (Provision made )	-	313,647
c. value of collateral which has been taken into account in respect of such loans and advances to which the individual impairment allowances relate	-	-
d. percentage of such loans and advances to the total amount of loans and advances to customers	-	49.94%
During the period, there were no loans and advances to banks which are individually determined to be impaired.		
(iii) Analysis of impaired loans and advances to customers by countries of location:		
Hong Kong	-	313,647
(iv) Analysis of gross amount of overdue loans and advances to customers by countries of location:		
Hong Kong	-	313,647

**III. Additional Balance Sheet Information**

(v) Analysis of gross amount of loans and advances to customers:

- Loans and advances for use in Hong Kong

Industrial, commercial and financial

	<u>30-Jun-2022</u>	<u>30-Jun-2022</u>	<u>31-Dec-2021</u>	<u>31-Dec-2021</u>
	Outstanding Balance	Balance Covered by Collateral	Outstanding Balance	Balance Covered by Collateral
- Property development	-	-	-	-
- Property investment	-	-	-	-
- Financial concerns	-	-	-	-
- Stockbrokers	-	-	-	-
- Wholesale and retail trade	-	-	313,647	-
- Manufacturing	-	-	-	-
- Transport and transport equipment	-	-	-	-
- Recreational activities	-	-	-	-
- Information technology	-	-	-	-
- Electricity and gas	-	-	-	-
- Civil engineering works	-	-	-	-
- Others	-	-	-	-

Individuals

- Loans for the purchase of flats in the Home Ownership Scheme, Private Sector Participation Scheme and Tenants Purchase Scheme or their respective successor schemes
- Loans for the purchase of other residential properties
- Credit card advances
- Others

- Trade finance

- Loans and advances for use outside Hong Kong

314,377

628,024

**III. Additional Balance Sheet Information**

30-Jun-2022

31-Dec-2021

(vi) Geographical analysis of gross loans and advances to customers

The following geographical analysis of gross loans and advances to customers is classified in accordance with the location of the counterparties.

Asia & Pacific:		
China	-	314,377
Hong Kong	-	313,647
New Zealand	-	-
South Korea	-	-
North America:		
United States	-	-
Europe:		
Netherlands	-	-
Cayman Islands	-	-
British Virgin Islands	-	-
Gross amount of loans and advances to customers	-	628,024

**III. Additional Balance Sheet Information**

	<u>30-Jun-2022</u>	<u>31-Dec-2021</u>
	Outstanding balance	Outstanding balance
	% to total loans and advances to customers	% to total loans and advances to customers
(vii) Overdue and rescheduled assets		
a) Overdue loans and advances to customers		
More than 3 months but not more than 6 months	-	-
More than 6 months but not more than 1 year	-	-
More than 1 year	-	313,647
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>313,647</b>
Individual impairment allowance	-	313,647
Collateral value	-	-
Covered portion	-	-
Uncovered portion	-	313,647
b) Overdue loans and advances to banks and financial institutions	-	-
c) Rescheduled loans and advances to customers and banks, excluding those which have been overdue for more than 3 months and disclosed pursuant to item a) and b) above	-	-
d) Repossessed assets held	-	-
e) Other assets such as trade bills and debt securities	-	-
	<b>-</b>	<b>49.94%</b>

**IV. Currency Risk**

Foreign currency exposures other than reporting currency constitutes not less than 10% of the total net position in all foreign currencies

	<u>30-Jun-2022</u>				<u>31-Dec-2021</u>			
	CNY	USD	EUR	Total	CNY	USD	EUR	Total
Spot assets	0	1	962	963	1,809	1,134	6,139	9,082
Spot liabilities	0	(32)	(967)	(999)	0	(5,907)	(4,311)	(10,218)
Forward purchases	0	913	841	1,754	3,039	10,320	2,273	15,632
Forward sales	0	(870)	(840)	(1,710)	(4,887)	(5,432)	(3,999)	(14,318)
Net option position	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net long (or net short) position	0	12	(4)	8	(39)	115	102	178

Net structural position

	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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**V. International Claims**

International claims by major countries or geographical segments to which not less than 10% of the total International claims are attributable after taking into account any recognised risk transfer

	Banks	Official sectors	Non-bank financial institutions	Non-bank private sector	Total
<u>As at 30 Jun 2022</u>					
Developed countries	941	-	-	-	941
of which					
- Germany	941	-	-	-	941
Offshore Centres	-	-	-	-	-
of which					
- Hong Kong	-	-	-	-	-
Developing Asia and Pacific	-	-	-	-	-
of which					
- China	-	-	-	-	-
<u>As at 31 Dec 2021</u>					
Developed countries	8,458	-	-	-	8,458
of which					
- Germany	8,457	-	-	-	8,457
Offshore Centres	21	-	-	314	335
of which					
- Hong Kong	21	-	-	314	335
Developing Asia and Pacific	47	-	-	315	362
of which					
- China	-	-	-	315	315

**VI. Non-Bank Mainland Exposures**

	On-balance Sheet Exposure	Off-balance Sheet Exposure	Total Exposure	Individual Impairment Allowances
<u>As at 30 Jun 2022</u>				
Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	-	-	-	-
Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	-	-	-	-
PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs	-	-	-	-
PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China	-	-	-	-
Other counterparties where the exposures are considered by the reporting institution to be non-bank Mainland China exposures	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	-	-	-	-
Total assets after provision	1,106			
On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	0.00%			
<u>As at 31 Dec 2021</u>				
Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	-	-	-	-
Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	-	-	-	-
PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs	628	69	697	314
PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China	-	-	-	-
Other counterparties where the exposures are considered by the reporting institution to be non-bank Mainland China exposures	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	628	69	697	314
Total assets after provision	10,278			
On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	6.11%			

**VII. Off-balance Sheet Exposures (other than derivative transactions)**

	<u>30-Jun-2022</u>	<u>31-Dec-2021</u>
- Direct credit substitutes	-	57,424
- Transaction-related contingencies	-	89,465
- Trade-related contingencies	-	-
- Note issuance and revolving underwriting facilities	-	-
- Other commitments	-	971,968
- Others	-	-

**VIII. Derivative Transactions**

**Derivatives notional amounts:**

- Exchange rate-related derivative contracts	1,753,981	15,906,903
- Interest rate derivative contracts	-	1,147,370
- Others	-	-

**Derivatives assets:**

- Exchange rate-related derivative contracts	73,124	325,771
- Interest rate derivative contracts	-	7,788

**Derivatives liabilities:**

- Exchange rate-related derivative contracts	29,822	293,815
- Interest rate derivative contracts	-	5,417

The above derivatives assets and liabilities, being the positive or negative marked-to-market value of the respective derivative contracts, represent gross replacement costs. There is no bilateral netting arrangements for these derivative contracts.

**IX. Liquidity maintenance ratio**

Average liquidity maintenance ratio	<u>Apr - Jun 2022</u>	<u>Apr - Jun 2021</u>
	277.49%	421.21%

The above ratios are calculated based on the arithmetic mean of the average values of each calendar month for each quarter

## **X. Disclosure on Remuneration**

Under paragraph 3.1.2 of SPM CG-5 "Guideline on a Sound Remuneration System", Commerzbank AG Hong Kong Branch as an overseas-incorporated Authorised Institution is not required to make separate disclosures on its own remuneration system. The Group's Annual Report will provide relevant disclosure, where appropriate.

## **XI. Disclosure on Liquidity Risk Management**

### **Introduction**

Commerzbank Group maintains a Liquidity Risk Governance Framework. It sets the group-wide overarching guidelines for liquidity risk management and covers all significant facets of a sound risk management in terms of risk identification, assessment, measurement, steering, mitigation, monitoring and reporting.

### **Governance of Liquidity Risk Management**

Liquidity risk is the risk that Commerzbank Group will be unable to meet its payment obligations on a day-to-day basis or future payments cannot be funded for the full amount in the required currency or at standard market conditions, as and when they are due. Risk tolerance represents the maximum amount and type of risk that Commerzbank is willing to incur within its business model in order to achieve its business objectives and business activities as well as to avoid existential threats. Commerzbank's liquidity risk tolerance is operationalized first of all by the design of stress scenario, the length of the reserve period and a set of liquidity risk limits.

Group Treasury is responsible for liquidity management, which comprises both operational and strategic elements. Group Risk function is responsible for risk management, which includes identification, analysis, monitoring, reporting of liquidity risk and setting of respective limits and escalation processes. The internal bank liquidity risk model is the bases for liquidity management and reporting to the Group's Board of Managing Directors (BoMD). Key decisions on liquidity risk management and monitoring are made by the central Asset & Liability Committee (ALCO). The Global ALCO is supported operationally by the Regional and local ALCOs which purpose is the planning and steering of all asset and liability management activities for the branch. Hong-Kong branch Liquidity Risk Management framework is fully integrated within the Group Risk framework

The Group's (BoMD) is ultimately responsible for the management of liquidity and respective risks throughout the Group and the determination of the Group's liquidity risk strategy.

For Hong Kong Branch, Group Finance is responsible for the calculation of the daily Liquidity Maintenance Ratio (LMR) and submit to Group Treasury, CEO and COO for review. To ensure that the LMR adequacy is maintained, Group Treasury will conduct daily projections of the LMR position to ensure the LMR is above the internal trigger ratio 30%. Group Market Risk performs daily liquidity gap reporting and monitoring against the agreed limits, as well as liquidity stress test reporting. In addition, the treatment of revocable commitment (part of the qualifying liabilities) will be subject to quarterly stress-test on the LMR. Group Finance will assume 30% of total undrawn revocable commitments to be taken into account under LMR while 10% of total undrawn revocable commitments is used in practice.



## XI. Disclosure on Liquidity Risk Management

### Funding strategy

Commerzbank Group manages its global liquidity centrally using cash pooling. This approach ensures that liquidity resources are used efficiently and that this occurs across all time zones, as Group Treasury units are located in Frankfurt, London, New York and Singapore.

Head Office in Frankfurt represents the chief funding provider for the Group, including Hong Kong Branch. Intra-branch funding transactions are carried out at arm's length and treated in lines with other third party transactions.

Commerzbank had unrestricted access to the money and capital markets throughout the reporting period of 2021, and its liquidity and solvency were also adequate at all times. It was always able to raise the resources required for a balanced funding mix and continued to enjoy a comfortable liquidity position in the period under review.

### Liquidity risk mitigation

Commerzbank Group holds a Liquidity Reserve to mitigate against liquidity risk. The Bank has chosen to hold a reserve of LCR-eligible liquid assets which ensure the generation of liquidity within a short time at a predictable value. The maintenance of the Liquidity Reserve is under the responsibility of Group Treasury.

### Stress testing

Three stress scenarios namely a bank-specific, a market-specific and a combination of both are performed on a regular basis to identify potential vulnerabilities on the Group's liquidity position under stressed market condition. The bank-specific stress computes the effect of a rating downgrade of two notches on the bank's available net liquidity. The market-specific stress computes the effect of a general market disruption on the bank's available net liquidity. This market-specific stress scenario is derived from the experience of the subprime crisis starting in summer 2007 and of the following financial crisis.

### Contingency Funding Plan

Commerzbank Group maintains a Liquidity Contingency Plan that specifies an approach for analyzing and responding to actual and potential liquidity events. The Plan outlines an appropriate governance structure for the management and monitoring of liquidity events, processes for effective internal and external communication, and identifies potential counter measures to be considered at various stages of events.

Commerzbank Group has established early warning indicators for the purpose of managing liquidity risk. These ensure that appropriate steps can be taken in good time to secure long-term financial solidity. Market Risk Department is responsible for the monitoring and reporting of quantitative criteria and Treasury Department is responsible for analyzing qualitative measures triggering liquidity contingencies e.g. information about difficulties or restrictions in interbank funding market due to market disruption. Should there be any early signs of significant impact on the Bank's liquidity, Treasury Department will provide the information to Market Risk and ALCO. The ALCO decides which contingency measures are to be taken based on the suggestion made by the Treasury.

Locally, Hong-Kong branch has defined a local Liquidity contingency plan in addition to the Global plan to ensure the Group's contingency procedure is extended in a consistent manner. Hong-Kong branch contingency plan is reviewed and approved by ALCO at least on a yearly basis.

**XII. Consolidated Bank Information**

	<u>30-Jun-2022</u> <sup>1</sup>	<u>31-Dec-2021</u>
<b>(i) Capital and Capital adequacy</b>		
Amount of Shareholders' funds (Equity)	30,461	29,827
Total Capital Ratio*	18.10%	18.40%
<b>(ii) Other Financial Information</b>		
Total assets	535,049	473,044
Total liabilities	504,588	443,217
Total Loans and advances	307,950	290,946
Total Deposits	415,384	351,800
	<u>1-Jan - 30-Jun-2022</u>	<u>1-Jan - 30-Jun-2021</u>
Pre-tax Profit / (Loss)	1,250	(406)

<sup>1</sup> Non audited figures for 2022 Source: 2022 Interim Report

\* The consolidated capital adequacy ratio is calculated in accordance with Basel Capital Accord

**XIII. Statement of Compliance**

This 2022 Interim Financial Disclosure Statement which contains all disclosures required by the Banking (Disclosure) Rules and Supervisory Policy Manual:  
- Guideline on the Application of the Banking (Disclosure) Rules issued by the HKMA.

The information contained in the disclosure statement is not false or misleading in any respect, and that the operations of the Bank are clearly explained.



*Anthony Barrons*  
*Chief Executive*